



Annual Examinations for Secondary Schools 2018

YEAR 9 **SOCIAL STUDIES (GENERAL)**

Name: _____

Class: _____

This exam paper has FOUR sections (A, B, C and D). Students are required to answer ALL sections. Marks for each section are shown between brackets.

Section A: Fill in the blanks with the following words.

human resources	school	global community	global citizen	peace
norms	living	cohesion	basic	religion

1. Culture is a way of _____ of a whole society.
2. Tolerance increases _____ in the community where we live.
3. Education is a _____ human right for every person.
4. It is the responsibility of every _____ to respect the natural environment.
5. _____ change with time, for example, today women no longer wear the *ghonnella*.
6. We refer to workers as _____.
7. In Malta, _____ strongly affects culture.
8. Norms are a means of social _____ in society.
9. Lifelong learning is when we continue learning even after we finish _____.
10. Wherever they are, human beings are part of a _____.

(2 marks x 10 = 20 marks)

Section B: Answer ALL the following questions by underlining the correct phrase.

1. School helps young people become future workers by
 - a) teaching them skills such as using the computer
 - b) watching films on television
 - c) going to religious lessons

2. Human beings start learning when socialisation starts, that is
 - a) during primary school
 - b) from sports
 - c) from birth

3. One of Malta's biggest resources is
 - a) the human resource
 - b) education
 - c) water

4. Values are
 - a) those qualities which are very important to human beings
 - b) traditions
 - c) talents

5. When we don't follow society's norms, we
 - a) find work
 - b) end up being excluded
 - c) enjoy our local culture

6. When youths learn about world problems, this helps them
 - a) become members of a sports team
 - b) meet their friends
 - c) become global citizens

7. In a peaceful world, human beings may
 - a) live in harmony with others
 - b) be impatient
 - c) think only of themselves

8. Malta took part in the peace process in the Mediterranean when
 - a) it won the European cup
 - b) the war was declared in Libya
 - c) it celebrated the village festa

9. Education for global citizenship means that children learn
 - a) how to spell and count
 - b) how to play
 - c) about world challenges

10. Culture is a living thing and this means that
 - a) new and modern norms come into practice
 - b) it remains the same
 - c) it does not retain popularity

(2 marks x 10 = 20 marks)

Section C: Read the passage and answer all questions that follow.

London is one of the most multicultural cities in the world. There are a variety of ethnic groups from countries such as Ghana, Jamaica and India. The world is truly represented in such a diverse and lively city.

Approximately one third of Londoners are foreign-born. Even though the official language is English, the lively streets are brimming with global languages, well over 200 languages are spoken. While many people have chosen London as their new home, they still have a love for their culture and share it in many ways, including delicious food and festivals such as Notting Hill Carnival.

Adapted from: <https://theculturetrip.com/articles/the-10-most-multicultural-cities-in-the-world/>

1. Give the meaning of the term **multiculture**.
_____ (2)
2. Mention **two** ways of how a country can become multicultural.

_____ (4)
3. Give **two** examples of multicultural countries you know of.
_____ (4)
4. Give **three** reasons why people settle in a foreign country.

_____ (6)
5. Mention **two** ways of how immigrants affect local culture.

_____ (4)
6. Explain the difference between **culture** and **cultural heritage**.

_____ (4)

7. Norms and traditions bring cohesion in society.

(a) Give the meaning of **cohesion**.

_____ (2)

(b) Give **two** examples of how cohesion can be experienced in society.

_____ (4)

8. In the text, the multicultural city of London has been described as vibrant. Why do you think it is so? What effect do the ethnic groups have on society?

_____ (5)

(35 marks)

Section D: Write a paragraph of about 130 words about ONE of the following themes.

1. Nowadays there is a strong emphasis on lifelong education. Discuss.
2. Name and discuss **two** situations where Malta played an important role in keeping peace in the Mediterranean.
3. The important elements that form a cultural identity in a country.

(25 marks)

Total: 100 marks