This examination paper consists of SIX sections (A, B, C, D, E and F). Students must answer ALL sections. The marks for each section appear between brackets.

Section A: Fill in the blanks by choosing the right word:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ruling</th>
<th>social exclusion</th>
<th>adolescence</th>
<th>relative poverty</th>
<th>welfare society</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>welfare state</td>
<td>religion</td>
<td>social order</td>
<td>subculture</td>
<td>youth</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1. ______________________ participation in voluntary groups is a valuable contribution to Maltese society in philanthropy, sports, religion and politics.

2. In every society we find some form of belief or ______________________.

3. ______________________ occurs when a group of people create their own culture where their behaviours are accepted but differ from those of the dominant society.

4. Racism could lead to ______________________.

5. In a ______________________ the services and social benefits are provided solely by the government.

6. Those people who cannot live a decent life, for example when a family cannot afford to buy medicines, is a sign of ______________________.

7. One of the aims of religion from a social perspective is that of creating ____________________.

8. During _______________________ a person passes through various changes.

9. In a ______________________, private agencies work together with the State to provide benefits against payments.

10. According to Karl Marx there are two social classes: the ______________________ class and the working class.

(10 marks)
Section B: Select by marking the correct answer:

1. **Social inequality** is also called
   a) formal and informal learning
   b) prestige
   c) social stratification

2. **Secularization** is
   a) when people turn to science instead of religion to seek moral answers
   b) a group of people that believe in a religion led by a charismatic leader
   c) a religious group which stemmed from another religion

3. A **multinational company** is one
   a) in which the workers are represented
   b) in which the workers are not represented
   c) which has subsidiary companies in other countries

4. **Waste management** helps us
   a) to get rid of domestic waste
   b) to reduce the negative effect on our health and the environment
   c) to be able to buy what we need

5. The **most extensive social class in Malta** is
   a) the upper class
   b) the middle class
   c) the lower class

6. Through **globalization**
   a) the world has become like one village
   b) commerce has declined
   c) cooperation has diminished

7. There are various **opportunities for youths today to continue developing**, for example
   a) delinquency
   b) criminality
   c) student exchange programmes

8. **Religion**
   a) gives me the opportunity to celebrate the village feast
   b) is an expression of values that are manifested in our traditions
   c) means that we always believe in one God

9. The **natural environment** includes
   a) mountains, forests, hills and the sea
   b) that which humans created through their ability
   c) the relationships people have with each other

10. **Deviant people** are those
    a) having different hobbies
    b) who follow the rules and values of their society
    c) whose behaviour does not conform with the society’s norms and values

   (10 marks)
Section C: Mark TRUE or FALSE and say why:

1. The United Nations is an international organization that promotes war in the world.  
   True/False
   Why? _____________________________________________________________

2. Most youths show that they are happy with the society in which they live and so they agree with the adult generation.  
   True/False
   Why? _____________________________________________________________

3. Religion could lead to social change.  
   True/False
   Why? _____________________________________________________________

4. The pension for the elderly and widows, the benefits for the unemployed and children’s allowance are examples of social benefits.  
   True/False
   Why? _____________________________________________________________

5. Alternative energy helps in sustainable development.  
   True/False
   Why? _____________________________________________________________

(10 marks)

Section D: Read the following passage and answer ALL the questions on a separate paper:

The relationship between industrialization and its effects on the environment has captured the attention of governments of a number of countries and international organizations especially in the light of globalization. The policies of sustainable development that most countries are adopting in products, processes and services, is helping in placing the environment at the centre of industrial changes, or at least on a par level with competitiveness. At the same time that the environment is being given all this attention and it became the most important issue in the world economy, industrialized economies started giving their attention for restructuring the labour markets reflecting to changes happening in technology and globalization.

Adapted from Sustainable Development and Globalization: New Challenges and Opportunities for Work Organization, Nicholas A. Ashford, Professor of Technology and Policy, Massachusetts Institute of Technology

Questions:
1. What do you understand by sustainable development?  
   (4)

2. Factories create waste that affects negatively the environment. Mention THREE negative effects.  
   (6)

3. Explain what is meant by globalization.  
   (4)

4. Mention THREE changes brought by globalization.  
   (6)

5. Explain how countries in the world are becoming more interdependent due to globalization.  
   (4)

6. Mention THREE examples of social solidarity that is given on an international level.  
   (6)

(30 marks)
Section E: On a separate paper answer ALL the questions below:

1. The energy of young people can be utilized in a positive or a negative way. Discuss. (5)

2. Those people who are at the risk of poverty have to face insecurity and a lack of basic necessities. Identify FIVE indicators of poverty. (5)

3. Mention FIVE agencies that provide services to those in need to strengthen social solidarity and overcome social exclusion. (5)

4. Mention and describe the role of a non-governmental organization (NGO) which promotes the environment. (5)

(20 marks)

Section F: Choose ONE of the following titles and write between 180-200 words about it on a separate paper:

1. What do you understand by social mobility? Discuss how education can help to bring about social mobility.

2. Globalization brought about a number of positive and negative effects in the world. Discuss.

3. Write about an environmental problem that the world is facing. What can governments and citizens do to reduce this environmental problem?

4. Explain what we mean by secularization. Give examples to show how society is becoming secularized.

(20 marks)